Attachment 4 Project Description

Yucaipa Valley Water District (YVWD or District) seeks funding for the preparation of the Yucaipa Groundwater Management Plan (GWMP). YVWD will prepare a GWMP for the Yucaipa Groundwater Basin (Basin) to promote sustainable and reliable management. At present, there is no 'stand-alone' groundwater management plan for the Basin. Management at the sub-unit level will be critical to optimizing groundwater use and minimizing and mitigating for overdraft conditions.

Water agencies operating within the Basin realize that current levels of extraction are not sustainable and that the development of a GWMP is needed. The YVWD meets about 70 percent of their service area potable water needs from the high quality groundwater pumped from the Yucaipa Basin. Western Heights Mutual Water Company (WHWC) and South Mesa Mutual Water Company (SMWC) both rely primarily on the groundwater pumped from the Yucaipa Basin to satisfy existing demands. Approximate extractions by the three agencies in 2010 were roughly 8,000 acre-feet per year by YVWD, 2,200 acre-feet per year by WHWC and 1,000 acre-feet per year by SMWC for a total extracted of around 11,200 acre-feet per year. The estimated working safe yield of the Yucaipa Basin is about 9,300 acre-feet per year, which means the basin is technically in an overdraft situation. This has been the case for more than 10 years, even with the availability of State Water Project water in 2002.

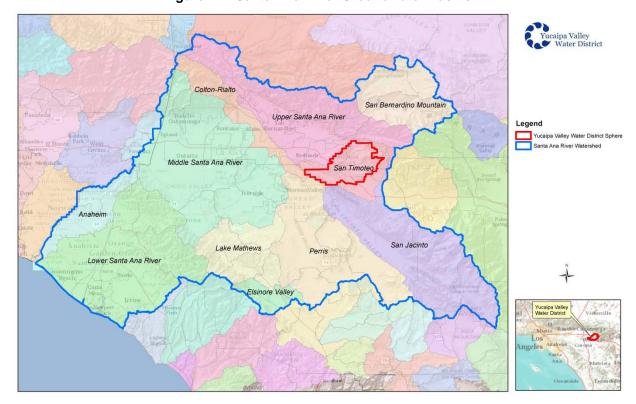


Figure 4-1: Santa Ana River Groundwater Basins

July 13, 2012

Project Goals

The primary project goal of developing a GWMP is to provide a regional solution to long-term groundwater overdraft that protects water quality and enhances water supply reliability for the agencies that rely on the Yucaipa Basin.

Other project goals include:

- Preserve high quality groundwater supply for times of drought;
- Minimize the quantity of imported water use;
- Reduce the need to expand the capacity of the Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility (WFF) by expanding the use of local supplies;
- Utilize storm flows and recycled water to recharge the groundwater basin, and
- Satisfy the maximum benefit commitments made to the RWQCB.

Project Objectives include:

- Development of a groundwater model;
- Development of a regional partnership to allow for additional basin recharge that compliments the local cities' need to retain storm flows and implement potable reuse in the future;
- Implementation of a monitoring program;
- Establishment of a data management system;
- Facilitation of regular meetings of key stakeholders to establish consensus on the contents of and implementation of a GWMP, and
- Development of governance framework/agreement to implement the GWMP

Project Location and Area Covered

The GWMP will be developed for the Basin. The Basin are located in the Santa Ana Subregion of the South Coast Hydrologic Region within the County of San Bernardino. The Basin are located in the Santa Ana River Watershed.

The subbasins include: Calimesa Subbasin, Gateway Subbasin, Oak Glen Subbasin, Triple Falls Creek Groundwater Subbasin, Western Heights Subbasin, Crafton Subbasin, and Wilson Creek Subbasin.

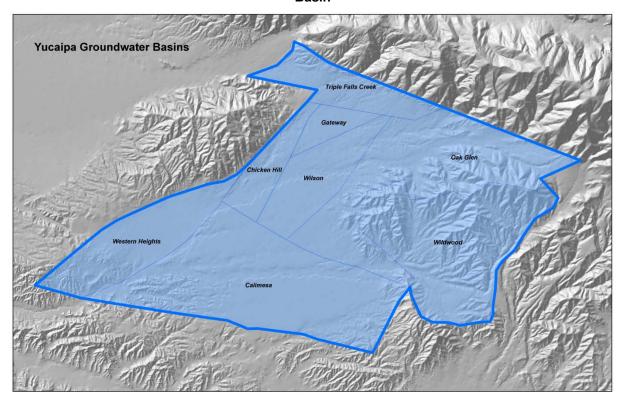


Figure 4-2: Project Area - Yucaipa Groundwater Basin

The Yucaipa Valley (Valley) is located about 70 miles east of Los Angeles at the base of the San Bernardino Mountains in the Upper Santa Ana River Valley. The District borders on the City of Redlands to the west, San Bernardino National Forest to the north and east, Banning to the southeast and Beaumont to the south. Interstate 10 runs through the southwestern portion of the District's service area.

The Valley is open to the west and southwest where it descends into the eastern San Bernardino Valley and San Timoteo Canyon. The Yucaipa Valley floor generally slopes down from east to west and ranges in elevation from about 3,600 feet at the mouth of Potato Canyon to about 2,000 feet at the entrance of Live Oak Canyon. The foothills surrounding the Valley range in elevation from about 3,200 feet in Crafton Hills to over 5,000 feet along the Yucaipa Ridge. Wild Peak, located between Potato Canyon and Wildwood Canyon near the eastern edge of the study area, has an elevation of 4,947 feet and is the highest point in the study area.



Figure 4-3: Location of Yucaipa Valley Water District in the Southwest

The surrounding hills and the basement complex underlying the Yucaipa plain are composed of crystalline bedrock. Except where fractured or weathered, this bedrock is not considered to be water bearing. Erosion from these hills has filled the low areas with extensive alluvial deposits that form the valley floor and the Yucaipa Valley groundwater basin (Moreland, 1970). Faults and other natural barriers divide the Basin into several subbasins, many of which have distinct hydraulic characteristics and sources of recharge.

In the early 1900's the plentiful water resources of the neighboring Redlands and San Bernardino Valley allowed the agricultural industry to quickly develop and expand. However, without the tributary Santa Ana River and Mill Creek, the Yucaipa Valley remained sparsely developed mainly due to the lack of water resources

Figure 4-4: Historic Photos of Yucaipa Valley





Historic extractions from this basin since 1949 have fluctuated between 10,000 and 12,000 acre-feet/year as reported in these studies. In general, water levels in the majority of the subbasins experienced a steady decline between the mid 1940's and 1970's. In the late 1970's, the water levels began to level off but continue to decline today.

The extensive faults and active geology of the Valley create a unique configuration of groundwater basins with hydrogeologic conditions that are fairly distinct for each subbasin within the region.

Needed Facilities

As this project is to develop a GWMP; therefore, there are no facilities required.

The work plan tasks include public participation, data and information collection and analysis, modeling, development of objectives, monitoring protocols, governance and financial plans, the GWMP itself, and project management and administration.

Background

The Basin has been in overdraft for over a decade with the overdraft averaging 2000 acre-feet per year. The combination of water purveyors and private producers operating within limited groundwater basins coupled with recent drought conditions in the State and local growth has resulted in decreases in groundwater levels and ongoing groundwater basin overdraft conditions. The implementation of strategies such as conjunctive use, recycled water treatment and distribution, recharge of stormwater and recycled water, and optimizing direct use of recycled water and imported water is helping reduce the groundwater overdraft situation.

At present, there is no 'stand-alone' groundwater management plan for the Yucaipa Groundwater Subbasin. Given the nature of water movement in the groundwater basin, management at the sub-unit level is critical to optimize groundwater use and minimize and mitigate for overdraft conditions.

Because the Valley does not have a significant watercourse, the local groundwater basins do not naturally refill with precipitation and melting snowpack as compared to immediate neighboring agencies that benefit from the surface water recharge of the Santa Ana River and Mill Creek. In recent years, between 60 to 70 percent of the potable water delivered by the District has been extracted from local groundwater basins with the remaining 30 to 40 percent originating from local surface water sources and imported supplies.

In addition to local groundwater, the District uses the following water supplies to meet existing and future water demands:

Surface Water Supplies

- Oak Glen Creek
- Mill Creek (treated at the Yucaipa Valley Regional WFF)
- Santa Ana River (treated at the Yucaipa Valley Regional WFF)

Supplemental Water Supplies including State Water Project Water – Direct Delivery

- Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility (WFF)
- Yucaipa Source (SWP Water) San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District
- Calimesa Source San Gorgonio Pass Water Agency

Recycled Water Supplies

Henry N. Wochholz Regional Water Recycling Facility

Non-Potable Water Supplies

- Groundwater sources not suitable for drinking water
- Untreated State Water Project Water: Yucaipa Source San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District
- Calimesa Source San Gorgonio Pass Water Agency

The SBVMWD is a wholesale water agency delivering water to retail purveyors such as District. SBVMWD encompasses much of the District, and holds an entitlement to SWP water in the amount of 102,600 acre feet annually. The San Gorgonio Pass Water Agency serves the remainder of the District's service area in Riverside County through its SWP entitlement of 17,300 acre feet per year. SWP water is now available directly or by exchange through the East Branch extension pipeline. The Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility is able to provide direct delivery of SWP water to both cities of Yucaipa and Calimesa.

Yucaipa Valley Water District

The YVWD is a special governmental district organized under the laws of the State of California to provide water supply, treatment, and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment services, and recycled water supply and distribution services to customers in its service area. The District was formed in September 14, 1971 to replace the San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District as the retail water provider in the Yucaipa Valley. The District has grown since its inception and now encompasses an area of roughly 52 square miles.

The District's sphere of influence encompasses both water and wastewater service areas. Water service within the District's sphere of influence is provided by the Yucaipa Valley Water District (YVWD), as well as the South Mesa Mutual Water Company (SMMWC) and the Western Heights Mutual Water Company (WHMWC). The District provides water to much of the Yucaipa Valley including most of the City of Yucaipa, a portion of the City of Calimesa, and unincorporated areas in San Bernardino and Riverside counties.

The District currently satisfies the majority of the service area water demands from groundwater supplied through District-owned wells located throughout the service area. An extensive distribution system provides water storage and transmission throughout the District's 18 pressure zones. The only supply of surface water is provided through the existing Oak Glen Water Filtration Plant (WFP).

The District has traditionally met the bulk of service area customer needs from groundwater through the District's primary water wells. Most of these wells pump from the Yucaipa Groundwater Basin, with less than 1,000 acre-feet per year being pumped from the Beaumont Basin. Demand has grown in the last two decades to where the District alone is now pumping at about the calculated safe yield of the Yucaipa Basin, just over 9,000 acre-feet per year. Coupled with pumping by the Western Heights Mutual Water Company and South Mesa Mutual Water Company of about 2,400 acre-feet per year for each, the basin is technically in an overdraft situation.

The GWMP will define with certainty the amount of water that each agency and city can rely on and the degree to which other sources need to be developed. The YVWD water resource system, illustrated below in Figure 4-5, maximizes the use of imported water and local water supplies to recycle as much water as possible while eliminating salinity to protect the quality of our water supplies.

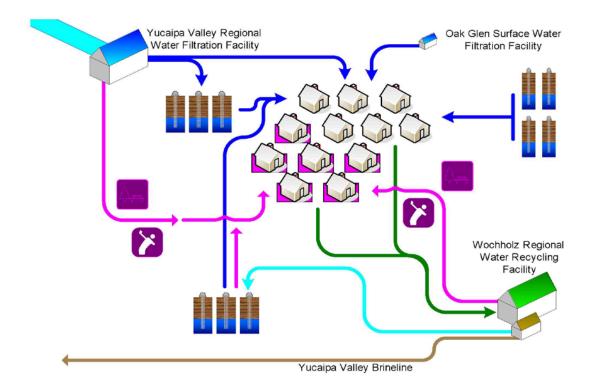


Figure 4-5: YVWD Water Treatment and Delivery System

Work In Place to Support the Development of a GWMP

In several respects, the District has already established an informal groundwater management plan with the numerous water resource projects completed and work by the USGS that assists area agencies in Subbasin management (as detailed in Attachment 3). However, the GWMP is essential to bring together existing research and planning and provide sustainable management of groundwater resources. Water resource research and projects that will support the GWMP include:

- Upper Santa Ana Regional Watershed Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (2007)
- USGS Studies
- Memorandum from Dr. John F. Mann, Jr. and Dr. David Keith Todd, January 23, 1990 recommended using a working safe yield of 9,270 acre-feet which is the average between their independent safe yield estimates..
- YVWD Resolution 12-1998 Adoption of Groundwater Protection Plan
- YVWD Resolution 13-2007 Adoption of Urban Water Management Plan
- Yucaipa Valley Water District Resolution 07-2009 Adoption of One Water One Watershed, Integrated Regional Water Management Plan
- Master Planning documents including: YVWD Water Master Plan, 2008 demonstrates
 collaboration in planning with the City of Yucaipa, a portion of the City of Calimesa, and
 unincorporated areas in San Bernardino and Riverside counties.
- Geoscience Support Services. October 3, 2011. Maximum Perennial Yield of Ground Water Basin within the Western Heights Mutual Water Company Service Area.
- Yucaipa Valley Water District. 2009-2010. Yucaipa Valley Water District Best Management Practices Coverage Report. Report
- Watermaster Services. Bob Pincher. Annual Report of the Beaumont Basin Watermaster
- SBVMWD, 2013, Yucaipa Basin Safe Yield Study (to be completed in March 2013)
- Western Heights Mutual Water Company Maximum Perennial Yield Study, 2012 (to be completed in 2012)
- Joseph Zoba, Matthew Harward, Brent Anton, and Scott Goldman, Extensive Recycled Water System Provides Yucaipa Valley Solutions to Regional Water Supply, Water Treatment, and Wastewater Disposal Challenges, 2008.
- Gregory O. Mendez, Wesley R. Danskin, and Carmen A. Burton, 2001. Surface-Water and Ground-Water Quality in the Yucaipa Area, San Bernardino and Riverside Counties, California, 1996-98.

Other groundwater management documents will be completed prior to the issuance of the final LGA grant agreement and will provide vital information to the GWMP. Those documents include:

- SBVMWD Usable Capacity and Safe Yield Study
- Geoscience Support Services, Evaluation of Maximum Perennial (Safe) Yield for the Groundwater Basin within the Western Heights Mutual Water Company Service Area, 2012

Actions Taken to Address Groundwater Overdraft and Water Quality

The District has steadily moved to reduce reliance on groundwater as the primary supply using a combination of strategies including enhanced recharge of stormwater and recycled water, groundwater banking and conjunctive use, and optimizing direct use of recycled and imported

water. The GWMP will define with certainty the amount of groundwater each agency and city can rely on and the degree to which other sources, including those listed below, should be developed.

Non-Potable Water Use

To meet the existing and future non-potable water demands within the YVWD service area, the District has adopted a policy to use recycled and other non-potable water for any purpose approved for non-domestic water use to the maximum extent possible. The California Legislature has made clear that the continued and expanded reuse of treated wastewater is a central element of California's long-term water supply strategy. The District has developed a recycled water master plan identifying the specific recycled water customers, recycled water usage projections, and two phase distribution system implementation.

The District operates the Henry N. Wochholz Regional Water Recycling Facility (Wochholz WRF or WWRF) and maintains a permit to discharge highly treated effluent to the San Timoteo Creek. The recycling facility receives domestic and commercial flows generated from within the Yucaipa and Calimesa service areas. Treated effluent is currently discharged to the San Timoteo Creek. Beneficial uses include water contact recreation, municipal, domestic and agricultural water supplies, wildlife and warm freshwater habitat and groundwater recharge. San Timoteo Creek is a tributary of the Santa Ana River.

The District's recycled water distribution system provides recycled water for irrigation of landscape and agricultural land uses in order to reduce the District's dependence on potable water supplies. Currently, the District provides about 1,000 acre of recycled water to a variety of customers throughout the region.

Stormwater Recharge

The Wilson Creek Subbasin is one of the largest basins within the Yucaipa Basin Complex and is increasingly being utilized for recharge of imported water and stormwater. The Wilson Creek Subbasin has a large storage capacity (estimated at 125,000 acre-feet by Carollo, 1985). The safe yield of the subbasin is small (estimated at 1,500 AFY (Wildermuth, 2005) compared to the large storage capacity.

The additional spreading of water in the Wilson Creek Spreading Grounds and utilization of the Oak Glen Creek stream channel for recharge has contributed to increased groundwater levels. By maximizing the existing spreading grounds the capability exists to spread from 7,000 to 14,000 acre-feet of surface water annually into the Yucaipa Basin.

Surface Water

Several surface water supplies became available to the District for potable purposes with completion of the Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility. These surface water supplies include the Mill Creek, Santa Ana River and the State Water Project.

Conjunctive Use

Each year the District spreads water in the Wilson Creek Spreading Basin to recharge the local water supply sources. This year, the District anticipates torecharge an additional 3,000 acre feet of water for future use in the Wilson Groundwater Basin.

Imported Water

The San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District encompasses much of the YVWD and holds an entitlement to State Water Project (SWP) water in the amount of 102,600 acre-feet annually. The San Gorgonio Pass Water Agency serves the remainder of YVWD through its

SWP entitlement of 17,300 acre-feet per year. This water is delivered through the Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility.

Water Quality Aligned with Basin Plan Objectives

The Santa Ana Region of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) is the agency responsible for issuing and monitoring the District's Wochholz WRF permit for discharge into San Timoteo Creek.

In February 2004, the Santa Ana Region of the RWQCB adopted changes to water quality objectives for Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) and Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN) in the Santa Ana River Basin to enable implementation of the District water resources plan. The RWQCB adopted less stringent water quality objectives for specific management zones founded on demonstrations that the objectives would continue to protect beneficial uses and would maintain water quality consistent with "maximum benefit" to the people of the State.

As a result of discussions with the RWQCB regarding a maximum benefit proposal YVWD committed to complete the following:

- Limit TDS concentration in their WWRF effluent to a maximum of 400 mg/L for recycled water use and recharge into the San Timoteo Groundwater Management Zone; 370 mg/L for recycled water use and recharge into the Yucaipa Groundwater Management Zone; and 330 mg/L for recycled water use and recharge into the Beaumont Groundwater Management Zone;
- Construct a non-potable water system for irrigation uses, using a blend of State Project Water and recycled water from the WWRF.
- Construct desalting facilities and brine disposal pipeline.
- Maximize the recharge of storm and imported water
- Eliminate recycled water discharges to the unlined reach of San Timoteo Creek

YVWD is well underway towards satisfying these commitments made to the RWQCB. Operation of the recycled water system began in 2002, environmental review of the brine disposal pipeline was completed at the end of 2007, design of recharge basins adjacent to the Yucaipa Regional Water Filtration Facility (WFF) were completed in early 2008 and design of the Phase II expansion of the non-potable water system began in 2007 including facilities needed to eliminate the effluent discharges to San Timoteo Creek.

How Project Goals Support Regional and Local Goals

Development of a GWMP for the Subbasin is a local and regional priority. It will pave the way to improving water quality in the Upper Santa Ana River Watershed and bringing stable groundwater management to the groundwater basin.

The project goals support regional goals as illustrated in Figure 4.6.

Figure 4-6: Project Goals Support Regional Goals

Project Goal	Regional (OWOW Plan, 2010) Goals
Provide a regional solution to long-term groundwater overdraft that protects water quality and enhances water supply reliability	OWOW objectives include providing a reliable water supply, promoting sustainable water solutions, and protecting groundwater resources from contamination. OWOW advocates the implementation of watershed governance. OWOW references the Western/San Bernardino Judgment (1969) that excluded the Yucaipa, San Timoteo, Oak Glen, and Beaumont basins.
Preserve high quality groundwater supply for times of drought	OWOW objective is to ensure high quality water for all users
Minimize the quantity of imported water use	OWOW strategies include increasing recycled water usage and maximizing utilization of stormwater for supply
Reduce the need to expand the capacity of the Yucaipa Valley Regional Water Filtration Facility (WFF) by expanding the use of local supplies	OWOW advocates the expansion of local supplies through the strategies of the use of recycled water, desalinated groundwater, and stormwater
Utilize storm flows and recycled water to recharge the groundwater basin	OWOW strategies include increasing recycled water usage, managing rainfall as a resource, and maximizing utilization of stormwater for supply
Satisfy the maximum benefit commitments made to the RWQCB	OWOW objective is to ensure high quality water for all users, manage salinity, and attain water quality standards.

YVWD has resolutely worked toward implementing water management strategies that protect groundwater resources while optimizing local resources. Those strategies include enhanced recharge of stormwater and recycled water, optimizing direct use of recycled water and imported water, and conjunctive use.

Quality and Usefulness of GWMP

Data, technical methods, and analyses to be used (need level of detail that shows the technical feasibility of the project)

Collaboration and Outreach Process

Collaboration

The Basin has a long history of collaboration on water-related issues. Question 7: Additional Information details collaboration between agencies and cities regarding groundwater management. Collaboration is evidenced by regular meetings of the Regional Water Resource Coordination Committee, the Regional Infrastructure and Project Coordination group, and the Upper Watershed Collaborative Partnership. See Attachment A for copies of meeting agendas and minutes for the Regional Water Resource Coordination Committee, Regional Infrastructure and Project Coordination group, and the Upper Watershed Collaborative Partnership.

Regional Water Resource Coordination Committee (RWRC) – The Regional Water Resource Coordination Committee (RWRC Committee), composed of representatives from Yucaipa Valley Water District, Western Heights Mutual Water Company, South Mesa Mutual

Water Company, SBVMWD, and City of Redlands has been meeting on a monthly basis for several years. The RWRC will become the advisory committee for the GWMP.

Regional Infrastructure and Project Coordination (RIPC) Meeting Agendas - The District provides drinking water, wastewater treatment and recycled water service to the cities of Yucaipa and Calimesa. For the past three years, the District has organized and sponsored RIPC meetings with the staff members of the City of Yucaipa and the City of Calimesa to discuss and coordinate the local public works projects within our common jurisdictions.

Upper Watershed Collaborative Partnership (Partnership) Meetings – The District is starting a new monthly meeting for elected officials to discuss water related issues in the upper Santa Ana Watershed and the upper Colorado River Watershed. In the past, the Partnership included local elected officials from the YVWD, San Bernardino Valley MWD, San Gorgonio Pass Water Agency, Beaumont Cherry Valley Water District, the cities of Banning, Beaumont, Calimesa, Redlands, and Yucaipa, Western Heights Mutual Water Company and South Mesa Mutual Water Company. The new group has been expanded to include other entities such as the Cabazon Water District, High Valleys Water District, Banning Heights Mutual Water Company and the counties of San Bernardino and Riverside. The next meeting

Process

Specific work items will be undertaken by CVWD to ensure collaboration and outreach to and encourage participation by regional stakeholders and the general public.

Advisory Committee – the RWRC Committee will include agencies or other entities with authority over groundwater management. Those agencies are listed below.

Subbasin Collaboration with Agencies

A Yucaipa Sub-Unit GWMP Regional Water Resource Coordination Committee (RWRC Committee) will be established and include at a minimum one representative from each retail and wholesale water agency, and city that overlies or has pumping rights in the Yucaipa Basin (Yucaipa Valley Water District, Western Heights Mutual Water Company, South Mesa Mutual Water Company, SBVMWD, and City of Redlands). These agencies have been meeting monthly as the Committee for several years. Meetings will continue to be held on a regular basis after the establishment of the GWMP.

The RWRC Committee meeting summaries will include those in attendance, feedback from participants, notes of the meeting, action items, summary of the issues and findings. The meeting summaries will be included in the monthly report and final project report.

Regional (OWOW – IRWMP) Collaboration

In 2007, the Yucaipa Valley Water District participated in the preparation of the Upper Santa Ana River Watershed Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (IRWMP). Recently, the IRWMP has been updated and is now called the One Water One Watershed (OWOW) Plan. Groundwater management is incorporated into the IRWMP by reference, with conjunctive use, improving/managing groundwater storage and utilization of unused groundwater capacity being some of the resource management strategies described in the plan. The District and other members of the Advisory Committee will continue participation in OWOW planning and projects.

Stakeholders - Groundwater Users and General Public

Other stakeholders include individuals, groups, coalitions or others that are involved in, affected by, or have an interest in the process of establishing and maintaining a GWMP. Groundwater users are included in the stakeholder group.

A list of stakeholders impacted by groundwater management will be created that includes various entities and individuals including those listed below. At the first Advisory Committee meeting, the group will work to expand the list. The list will include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Water agencies outside the Subbasin
- DWR Regional Representative
- Santa Ana RWQCB representative
- San Bernardino County
- Business associations
- League of California Cities, San Bernardino County Division
- City Community Councils
- Other community leadership

At least two public meetings will be conducted. Each will be noticed and publicized one month prior to the meeting.

State and Federal Agencies

State and federal agencies will be included on the stakeholder email and mailing list and informed of all Advisory Committee and Public Meetings. Agencies that will be included in this outreach are listed below.

- Department of Water Resources, Southern California representative and headquarters contact
- State Water Resources Control Board
- Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board
- San Bernardino County Department of Health
- US Bureau of Reclamation
- US EPA

Dissemination of Information

The dissemination of information will be conducted through Advisory Committee meetings, public meetings, public notices, informational mailings, and agency websites. Dissemination of information will be aided by the following methods:

- Website YVWD website (http://www.yvwd.dst.ca.us/) will provide both general and technical information for the benefit of the public and interested stakeholders. Information available on the website will be provided in print form at meetings as appropriate in order to ensure that those without computer access have access to information that is available online. The website will be maintained by YVWD with the Advisory Committee providing content and materials for the site. Advisory Committee meeting notices and summaries will be posted on the YVWD website along with other related GWMP information.
- Press Releases Press releases will be sent at various times to local media to provide important information such as background information, advisement of upcoming meetings, and key milestones.
- **Mailers or Newsletters** Mailers or newsletters may be used to introduce the project and inform stakeholders of upcoming meetings and ways that stakeholders can

- participate in the development of the GWMP. The Advisory Committee will determine if mailers or newsletters are an effective method to reach stakeholders.
- Email and Local News Articles Information will be distributed via email and through local news articles of the intent to create a GWMP, the GWMP process and schedule, and upcoming public meetings. Outreach communications will continue throughout the process. Meeting summaries will be taken and posted on the CWD website and submitted to DWR in the monthly progress report.
- Public Workshops Two public workshops will be held to inform and seek input from
 the public. At each public meeting, meeting materials will be made available include a
 copy of the main meeting presentation, handouts, and a summary of Advisory
 Committee meeting notes. The public will be fully informed regarding the goals,
 objectives, and process for establishing the GWMP. Further, records of comments
 received from workshop attendees or via telephone, email, or in writing will be compiled
 and reviewed at Advisory Committee meetings.

On-Going Funding for the GWMP

Following the expenditure of grant funds, the GWMP will be in place to provide a framework for the collaborative management of the Basin. YVWD will continue to fund actions to assure beneficial use of groundwater resources.